National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

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date entered

1. Nam	1 e			
historic Pre-	Statehood Commercia	al District of Mus	kogee	
and/or common				
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	Main and Broadwa	y, Eknillbee, Seen	ND STS,	N/A not for publication
		N/A vicinity of		
-	kogee			
state Oklaho		de 40 county	y Muskogee	code 101
3. Clas	sification			
Category X district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition N/A in process N/A being considered	Status _X_ occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted _X_ yes: unrestricted no	entertainment government	museum park private residence religious transportation other:
name _{Mult}	iple Ownership (see	e continuation shee	et)	
street & number				
city, town		${ m N/A}$ vicinity of	state	
5. Loca	ation of Leg	al Descript	ion	•
	stry of deeds, etc. Office	so of Country Clark		
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc. Offic			***************************************
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc. Offic			
courthouse, registreet & number	Muskogee County	Courthouse	state	Oklahoma 74401
courthouse, registreet & number	Muskogee County	Courthouse	state	Oklahoma 74401
courthouse, registreet & number city, town Mus	Muskogee County	in Existing	state	
courthouse, registreet & number city, town Mus	Muskogee County skogee resentation	in Existing	state Surveys property been determined el	
street & number city, town Mus 6. Repl	Muskogee County kogee resentation Landmarks Inventor	in Existing	state Surveys property been determined el	igible? yes _Kn te county loca

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Continuation sheet Owner of Property

Item number 4

Page 1

Alley Brothers and Company (Nos. 1 and 1-A on sketch map) - Lots 16 and 17, Block 3, Original Townsite of Muskogee.

No. 1 - Consumers Inc. P.O. Box 1949 Tulsa, OK 74101

No. 1A - Indian Capital Agency % Julian K. Fite 530 Court Muskogee, OK 74401

General Merchandise Store (No. 2 on sketch map) - Lot 15, Block 3, Original Townsite of Muskogee.

No. 2 - The Siebold Co., Inc. Box 649 Muskogee, OK 74401

The New York Store (No. 3 on sketch map) - Lots 13 and 14, Block 3, Original Townsite of Muskogee.

No. 3 - Charles M. Kelly
112 Rodman Circle or
Muskogee, OK 74401

Mike Thompson Muskogee Duplicating 107 North Main Muskogee, OK 74401

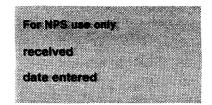
Oxford Hotel and Bakery (No. 4 on sketch map) - Lot 12 and South 25.57' of Lot 11, Block 3, Original Townsite of Muskogee.

No. 4 - Charles M. Kelly 112 Rodman Circle or Muskogee, OK 74401 Mike Thompson Muskogee Duplicating 107 North Main Muskogee, OK 74401

Severs Block (No. 5 on sketch map) - Lot 7, 8, 9, 10, and North 1' of Lot 11, Block 3, Original Townsite of Muskogee.

No. 5 - F. J. Rolla 617 Crown Ridge Road Colorado Springs, Colorado 80904

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Continuation sheet Owner of Property

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Abstract and Insurance Offices (No. 6 on sketch map) - Lot 6, Block 3, Original Townsite of Muskogee.

No. 6 - Indian Capital Agency % Julian K. Fite 530 Court Muskogee, OK 74401

Jewelry Store (No. 7 on sketch map) - Lot 5, Block 3, Original Townsite of Muskogee.

No. 7 - Helen K. Fite 4110 Rectar Muskogee, Oklahoma 74401

7. Description

Condition excellent deterioratedX good ruins fair unexposed	Check one I unaltered altered	Check one X original site moved date
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Pre-Statehood Commercial District of Muskogee consists of seven historically significant buildings constructed between 1901 and 1903 following a fire ca. 1900 which destroyed the original commercial district. All seven buildings housed a variety of commercial enterprises (retail, wholesale, and professional services) and continues that function today even though the nature of the businesses has changed. They are all located within Block 3 of the original townsite of Muskogee and the district is bounded on the east by Main Street, on the north by Broadway Street, on the west by Second Street, and on the south by Okmulgee Street. The buildings are all two-story red brick structures with flat roofs and retain much of the same scale, proportion, and environmental context as they had when they were constructed. Although some of the brick exteriors have been painted and various metal and wood awnings have been attached to store fronts, the basic integrity of the buildings has remained unaltered during their 80 year history.

Buildings contributing to the character of the district:

- 1. Alley Erothers and Gompany (1901-1903): 2 stories, brick and masonry construction on first floor, roughly cut native sandstone on second floor, cutaway entry on corner, pilasters extending above roof line separate second story windows and accentuate corners, segmental arches over window openings on second floor facade and south side, brickwork frieze, some crenellation at upper termination of facade (Photo Nos. 1 and 9; and Nos. 1 and 1-A on sketch map).
- 2. General Merchandise Store (1901-1903): 2 stories, brickwork frieze, segmental arches over second floor windows (Photo Nos. 1 and 10; and No. 2 on sketch map).
- 3. New York Store (1901-1903): 2 stories, masonry frieze, dentil-type ornamentation on cornice, band of seven windows on second floor (Photo Nos. 2 and 9; and No. 3 on sketch map).
- 4. Oxford Hotel and Bakery (1901-1903): 2 stories, pedimented cornice with finial on hotel, round arches over window openings on second floor of hotel, dentil-type brickwork on cornice of bakery, continuous masonry lintel above second story windows on bakery, pilaster-like mullions separate windows on second floor windows of bakery (Photo Nos. 3 and 9; and No. 4 on sketch map).
- 5. Severs Block (1901-1903): 2 stories, bold cornice with scrolled brackets and dentil-type ornamentation, semielliptical and round arches over window and door openings (Photo Nos. 4-7; and No. 5 on sketch map).
- 6. Insurance Office and Abstract Company (1901-1903): 2 stories, band of four rectangular-shaped windows on second floor, brickwork frieze of small round arches and dentil-type ornamentation, crenellation at upper facade (Photo Nos, 6 and 8; and No. 6 on sketch map).
- 7. <u>Jewelry Store</u> (1901-1903): 2 stories, four single window openings separated by pilaster-like mullions on second floor, second floor windows have glazed tile panes (Photo Nos. 6 and 8; and No. 7 on sketch map).

8. Significance

period	Areas of Significance—C			
prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 X 1900–	archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture architecture art X commerce communications	community planning conservation conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlem industry invention	law literature military music	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1901-1907	Builder/Architect S	evers Block-McKibban an	nd McKibban

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Others-Unknown

The Pre-Statehood Commercial District of Muskogee is historically significant because it is the oldest commercial district in Muskogee and one of the oldest in northeastern Oklahoma having been constructed between 1901 and 1903 when Muskogee was the largest city in Indian Territory.

Muskogee was established in 1872 as a result of the first railroad to enter Indian Territory, the Missouri, Kansas, and Texas. By 1900 Muskogee has become the major rail center in Indian Territory with six railroads running through the city. There were fourteen passenger trains daily and Muskogee had become dividion headquarters for the Katy, Missouri Southern, Muskogee Union, and the Pullman Company. In addition to its transportation function, Muskogee soon developed as a primary node for the processing, storage, trading, and exportation of cotton because the surrounding area was suitable for cotton production.

Several other factors contributed to the growth and development of Muskogee as the principal urban center in Indian Territory. In 1874, all individual agencies for the Five Civilized Tribes of Indian Territory were combined into the Union Agency established in Muskogee. In 1889, the first United States District Court and Federal prison for Indian Territory were established in Muskogee. Federal legislation in 1893 formulated the Dawes Commission which maintained its offices in Muskogee for a twelve year period when all Native American lands in Indian Territory were surveyed and individual allotments were made by the United States government. It was the largest land transfer conducted within the United States in American history. In 1904 Muskogee's preeminence as the leading city of Indian Territory was assured when oil and gas fields were opened in the area and one of the first refineries in Indian Territory was constructed in the city.

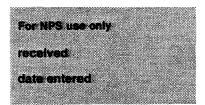
All of these events, institutions, and transportation facilities brought increased population growth to Muskogee. Its population boomed from an estimated 1,200 in 1890 to 25,275 in 1910; and three years after statehood in 1907, Muskogee was the second largest city in the new state, exceeded only by Oklahoma City. With this tremendous growth, Muskogee's need for a variety of goods and services also grew. The original business district which developed along Main and Broadway Streets was destroyed by fire ca. 1900. The merchants quickly replaced the earlier wood frame buildings with a new, more permanent commercial district completed between 1901 and 1903.

The Pre-Statehood Commercial District includes seven buildings which were all built during this era and represent the oldest remaining commercial structures dating from this era. All other commercial buildings completed prior to statehood have been razed.

Alley Brothers and Company (Nos. 1 and 1-A on sketch map) was one of the largest suppliers of fresh meat in Indian Territory. The buildings located at 103-105 North Main Street housed the Alley Brothers Meat Market which supplied the city and surrounding community with fresh meat. Their slaughter pens near the city kept at one time 200 steers, 100 head of spring lambs, and 200 head of hogs. The market featured the latest in cold storage and refrigeration and sales included choice beef and pork cuts, poultry, fish, wild game, sausage, fresh lard, and oysters. The market operators supervised a large fleet of delivery wagons, which one source stated, "could be seen at any time of the day all over the city".

9. Major l	Bibliographica	I Reference:
Muskogee, Indian	Territory resources and	d Industries, pp. 63, 122, 129, and 150.
West, C.W., <u>Musko</u> Co., 1976.	ogee: From Statehood to	Pearl Harbor. Muskogee: Muskogee Publishing
10. Geogi	raphical Data	
Acreage of nominated	property less than one act	re
UTM References	outheast Muskogee, OK	Quadrangle scale 7.5"
A 1,5 28,5 7, Zone Easting C	Northing	Zone Easting Northing D
proceed 258' So (Main and Okmul	outh, Southwest to the gee St.), then proceed	to the southeast corner of Lot 17, Block 3 (Main & Broadway St) he southeast corner of Lot 17, Block 3 eed west northwest 65' to southwest corner (See Continuation county
state	code	COUNTY
11. Form F	Prepared By	code
	Craig Supervised by Dr.	
	st Oklahoma Counties Sur	rvey date February, 1983
treet & number Okla	homa State University	telephone 405-624-6250
ity or town Stillwat		state Oklahoma 74078
2. State F	listoric Preser	vation Officer Certification
he evaluated significanc	e of this property within the state	e is:
nation		local
s the designated State H 65), I hereby nominate th coording to the criteria a	listoric Preservation Officer for th iis property for inclusion in the Na nd procedures set forth by the Na	he National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– lational Register and certify that it has been evaluated lational Park Service.
ate Historic Preservation	n Officer signature C SM)	etall 8/8/83
le		date
For NPS use only		
nereby certify that t	this property is included in the Na	ational Register
Keeper of the National	Register	date
Attest:	· register	
Chief of Registration		date
		

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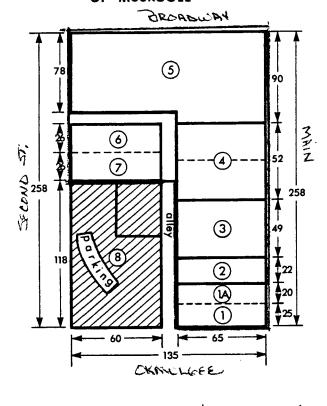
Continuation sheet D

Description

Item number 7

Page 1

PRE-STATEHOOD COMMERCIAL DISTRICT OF MUSKOGEE



LEGEND

- 1-1A Alley Brothers Slaughter House and Meat Market
 - 2 General Merchandise Store
 - 3 The New York Store
 - 4 Oxford Hotel and Bakery
 - 5 Severs Block
 - 6 Abstract and Insurance Office
 - 7 Jewelry Store

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Continuation sheet Significance

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The New York Store (No. 3 on sketch map) was managed by F.S. Hinsey and W.C. Meinhardt, two of Muskogee's leading merchants. The two-story brick building housed the finest in ladies' and men's apparel, shoes, jewelry, artware, and china.

The Oxford Hotel and Bakery (No. 4 on sketch map) featured sixteen elegant rooms on the second floor. It was considered the most modern hotel in Muskogee because all rooms had electricity and baths. The dining room, located on the first floor, had seating for 100 people and was, according to one source, "widely known for the superior quality of its cuisine". There was also a lunch counter on the first floor which had a capacity for 50 patrons. The Oxford Hotel Bakery featured fresh pastries (bread, cake, and pies) and was considered to be the most modern of its kind in Indian Territory. Judson C. Fast and Frank H. Walkup were proprietors for both the hotel and bakery.

The Severs Block (No. 5 on the sketch map) was the largest commercial building in Indian Territory. It was financed and built by Captain F.B. Severs, large land-holder and developer in Muskogee and Okmulgee, who also financed construction of the Severs Hotel in Muskogee (Listed on the National Register of Historic Places, September 13, 1982). This large rectangular two story building provided much needed office space and retail outlets. The first floor housed a drug store, photography studio, cafe, and offices for the cotton exchange company. The second floor was occupied by professionals including physicians, attorneys, and stenographers.

The other buildings in the district housed a variety of commercial enterprises including a general merchandise store (No. 2 on sketch map), an insurance and abstract office (No. 6 on sketch map), and a jewelry store (No. 7 on sketch map).

All of the buildings in the district are currently occupied by a variety of businesses including a saddle shop, barber shop, pawn shop, two furniture stores, a loan office, shoe repair shop, and recreation center. Although the nature of the businesses has changed, the Pre-Statehood Commercial District of Muskogee still provides a variety of goods and services retaining the same function as when it was constructed approximately 80 years ago.

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Page 1

Lot 17, Block 3, then north along rear property line (alley) of Lots 17-12, Block 3, 118' then west crossing the alley 10' along south property line of lot 5, Block 3 to southwest corner of said property then north, northeast to northwest corner of lot 8, block 3, then east southeast to point of beginning.



Pre-Statehood Commercial District

PRE-STATEHOOD UNITED STATES COMMERCIAL DISTRICT OF MUSKOGEE DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR GEOLOGICAL SURVEY 95°22'30" 286000m.E. R 19 E 35°45′ 25 Armory 584 Lakeland Sylopping Cent Spaulding 3958000m.N. MUSKOGEE CHANDLE Optionist Park 57 580 3957 ₩ 36 airground Robison Park Forem GENC T 15 N Oil Well o railer Coody Bethel Temple 3955 Grandview Pleients